



# **User Manual**

TDX Headend System Main Unit Black Edition

Article				Article no.
TDX	Headend System Main Unit – Black Edition		492091	
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# Content / Inhaltsverzeichnis / Table des matières

Black	Edition	4
	features in Black edition	
	user interface (GUI) – what has changed	
	ce Agreement	
	PID, filter + remap	
	ote access – security measures	
introd	luction	5
Вох с	ontents	5
	or	
	or	
	r / Grounding / ID switch	
Single	e headend installation	7
Moun	ting	7
	lation requirements	
	Headend installation	
	tput	
	lation requirements	
1. 2.	Vertical	
	ection units – direct connection	
1.	1x Main – 1x sub	9
2.	1x Main – 2x sub	9
	ecting units - switch connection	
	headend installation – Fiber optic	
	ting IP adress	
•	module types	
	ting input modules	
	hing cables	
Remo	ving input modules	12
	ng input modules	
	ıt modules	
	rt module types	
	ring output module	
	ary modules	
	m monitoring	
•	•	
	modules – LED status	
	ce tool - System requirements	
Comp	outer minimum requirements	15
Static	: IP address	15
	ng service tool	
	iew	
	nunication circle	
	m icons	
•	buttons	
Confi	guration buttonsguration buttons	17
Admii	nistration	.18
Lange	Jage	10
-	ion	
	zone	
	set by NTP server	
Secur	ity	19
	res and License Keys	
	To get License Keys	
	tings	
	system settingssystem settings	
	oting	
	system log	
	vare updating	
	vare clean up	
	at file system in flash	
	TDX systemcontroller in failsafe mode	
	ialize SD cardt service list	
Jul		20



Syste	tem information	27
View	wing system information	27
Dupl	plicated PID's	27
Mana	naging configuration files	28
	ating	
	ivating	
	eting	
	ring	
	oadingput configurations	
	eating	
	ecifying EIT/EPG source	
	ecifying Alternative EIT/EPG source	
	for Viasat services	
Mod	difying	32
	eting	
IP ou	utput configurations	33
	ating	
	difying	
	eting	
	work switch port	
	EPG output	
	- every IP service	
	- barker channel	
	able CAT tables	
	descriptorshandling	
	MP traps	
Α.	Simulcrypt Intro	
В.	Panaccess setup	
	•	
C.	How to set up Simulcrypt in the TDX	
D.	Samsung DRM / LYNK server	44
E.	Visuel guide to setup for all scrambling methods	45
F	I VNK server - nurnose & nrincinle	47



#### **Black Edition**

#### **New features in Black edition**

New features have been implemented in the Black edition:

- From S/W edition 4.0.1 the user interface (GUI) has been updated more clear, more understandable and more easy in use; entirely based on HTML5
- A Service level agreement (SLA) is introduced for dedicated service and customer/end user satisfaction.
   The SLA comes in 3 levels.
- New fixed PID feature that can be filtered and remapped.
- Fan noise has been reduced by 3dB

# New user interface (GUI) - what has changed

In the new GUI there has been following changes

- New updated GUI more clear, more understandable and more easy in use; and its written in HTML 5
- Port forwarding, for remote control prior to this new S/W release, you had to use
  - Port 80, 943, 4530, 4531

In the new GUI only port 80 Is required – much more simple and secure to setup remote access.

Due to this, remote access is useable both on PC, tablet and smartphone.

The new GUI applies to the following browsers/versions::

- ✓ Mozilla firefox ver. 46.0.1 or newer
- ✓ Google Chrome ver. 50.0.2661 or newer
- ✓ MS internet explorer 11 ver. 11.0.9600.18314 or newer
- The new GUI reports if the software is registered or not
- The ADMIN button has slightly changed position
- Navigation information has replaced the BACK button
- Highlighted information and more clear warnings, etc.
- New failsafe image never lose your setup.

#### **Service Agreement**

TRIAX Service Agreement, the safe & sound deal, comes in 3 levels - Pay-As-You-Go, BASIC and PLUS.

The TRIAX Service Agreement ensures your solutions are always up and running, always up to date and always backed up by the best service and support; helping you operate a professional and profitable business.

Your Service Agreement benefits:

- Supported Setup, including free of charge 30 day installation period with unlimited access to features.
- Supported installations and solutions.
- Easy online access to the Trouble Ticket System, Product Registration Tool, new SW versions, release notes, new License Keys, how-to guides and much more.

#### Fixed PID, filter + remap

The PID (Packet identifier) handling has been changed significantly

- Fixed PID the PID value is now fixed at the output after a reset of the TDX system
- PID filter the elementary streams can now be removed from output of the TDX system
- PID remap the PID value can now be changed at the output of the TDX system

#### Remote access – security measures

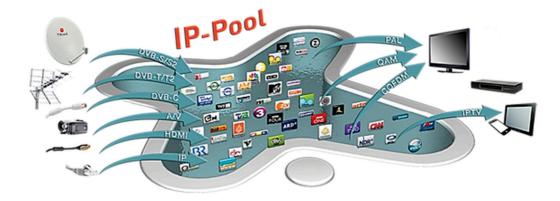
When connecting to the TDX system remotely it is strongly advised to:

Have the TDX system behind a firewall w/ port forwarding and/or use a VPN to access the TDX system

This in order to defer cyber attacks



# Introduction



The TDX cabinet is designed to accommodate up to 16 input modules and 6 quad output modules. Up to three TDX headends can be combined as one system of up to 48 input muxes and 72 output channels.

The TDX headend system accommodates up to 490 services.

All incoming signals from input modules initially arrive in the TDX service-pool, where conversion to defined output signals occurs, after which the converted signals are fed to output modules.

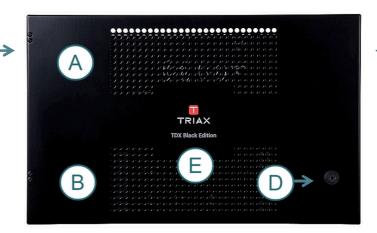
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#### **Box contents**

- TDX headend unit,
- 1 x TDX Key 775310
- 2 x Mounting brackets 775285
- 4 screws (M4 x 8 hexagon ISO 7380) 840200)
- 1 x Torx® key (2.5 mm) 848603
- 1 x Power cord
- User guide.

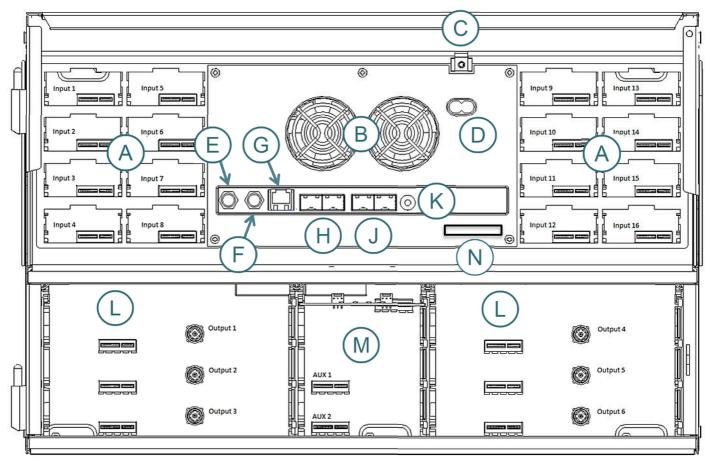
## **Exterior**

- (A) Input module area
- B Output module area
- (C) Mounting brackets
- D Lock
- Headend status LEDs





#### Interior



(A)	input slots	(16 in total)
-----	-------------	---------------

- (B) Extractor fans
- (C) Earth terminal
- (D)
- E RF output Distributes the RF channels form the output modules using an F-connector
- F Test point -20dB RF test point of output (-20dB)
- G Configuration port Ehternet configuration port for setting up the headend unit

# H AUX 1 & 2 Distributes services from IP output modules

- Connects the main unit with subunits 1 and 2. Can also be used in conjunction with IP input and output
- K ID switch Switch for setting the ID of the main unit and the two subunits
- (L) Output slots (6 in total)
- M Slot 1 & 2 for Auxiliary boards are used in connection with IP output modules
- N Secure Digital (SD Memory card for storage of the system card) configuration (behind panel)

# Power / Grounding / ID switch

**BEFORE** powering up the main unit(s); it is very important to ground properly.

- Connect an earth cable to Earth terminal of main unit(s)
- 2. Attach the other end of the earth cable to an approved earth connection point
- 3. Confirm that the ID switch is set to "0"



# Single headend installation Mounting

The headend can be mounted either on a system rack or directly onto a wall.



Rack installation



Wall installation

- 1. Attach the mounting brackets to the headend with the supplied screws.
  - Rack: At the front of a headend Wall: At the rear of a headend
- 2. Attach the headend to the wall or onto a system rack

# **Ventilation requirements**



- 1. Ensure that min. 10cm ventilation space is available on both sides and the front of the headend
- 2. Insert the key into the headend
- 3. Open the door
- 4. Lift the door off its hinges (optional)
- 5. Remove the top cover (optional)



# **Multi Headend installation**

Up to three headends can be combined to further increase the number of services provided.

The headends are physically installed as per installation of single headend, i.e. by using the supplied brackets described above.

The headends can be combined in either "direct connection" or "switch connection"

#### **RF** output

Connect each headend unit to a combiner using RF cables from the RF output socket to the combiner.

#### **Ventilation requirements**



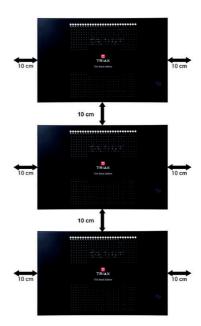
Ensure that the following ventilation requirements are met:

#### 1. Horizontal



- Min. 20cm ventilation space must be available between headends.
- Min. 10cm ventilation space must be available outside the end headends.
- Min. 10cm ventilation space must be available from the front of each headend.

#### 2. Vertical



- 10cm ventilation space must be available on both sides of each headend.
- 10cm ventilation space must be available from the front of each headend.

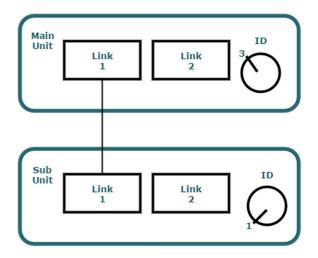


# **Connection units - direct connection**

Note that direct connection hardware configurations require the **Connection type** field in the service tool's Admin/IP Settings/Setup window to be set to 'Direct'

#### 1. 1x Main - 1x sub

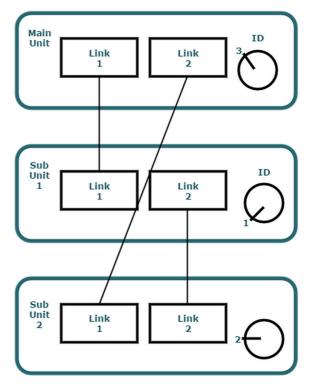
- 1. Insert SFP copper transceivers into the "Link 1" sockets on the main headend and subunit headend.
- 2. Route a RJ45 Cat5e or better cable from the "Link 1" socket on the main unit to the "Link 1" socket on subunit 1
- 3. Set the "ID switch" on the main headend and subunit headend to the following:
  - Main unit = "3"
  - Subunit = "1"



а

#### 2. 1x Main - 2x sub

- Insert SFP copper transceivers into the "Link 1" and "Link 2" sockets on the main headend and subunit headends
- Route a RJ45 Cat5e or better cable from the "Link 1" socket on the main unit to the "Link 1" socket on subunit 1.
- Route a RJ45 Cat5e or better cable from the "Link 2" socket on the main unit to the "Link 1" socket on subunit
- 4. Route a RJ45 Cat5e or better cable between the "Link 2" sockets on both subunits.
- Set the "ID switch" on the main headend and subunit headends to the following:
  - Main unit = "3"
  - Subunit 1 = "1"
  - Subunit 2 = "2"



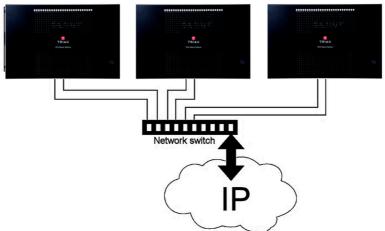
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9



# Connecting units - switch connection

Note that headend units connected using a network switch require the Connection type field in the service tool's Admin /IP Settings /Setup window to be set to Switch.



Triax recommends that a network switch is used for connecting the main and subunits even if IP services are not currently supported. The network switch used must support IGMP ver. 2 and contain a sufficient number of ports to connect to the Link sockets on the main and subunits.

- Insert SFP copper transceivers into the "Link 1" and "Link 2" sockets on the main headend and subunit headend(s).
- Route a RJ45 Cat5e or better cable from the "Link 1" socket on the main unit and subunit(s) to the network switch. Route a RJ45 Cat5e or better cable from the "Link 2" socket on the main unit and subunit(s) to the network switch.
- Set the "ID switch" on the main headend and subunit headends to the following:
  - Main unit = "3"
  - b. Subunit 1 to "1"
  - Subunit 2 (if present) to "2"
- Connect the network switch to the IP network.

#### Multi headend installation - Fiber optic

Fiber-optic cables must be used to connect the main headend unit to one or two subunits over distances greater than 100m. The following SFP fibre-optic transceivers must be used in the Link sockets:

492087	Fiber (850nm) (LC)	1000Mbps	550m	Gigabit Ethernet
492088	Fiber (1310nm) (LC	1000Mbps	2km	Gigabit Ethernet

# **Resetting IP adress**

The IP address of a headend unit can be returned to the factory default address by using the ID switch.

- 1. Turn off the power to the main unit.
- Set the ID switch on the main unit to "7".
- Turn on the power.

The four LEDs flash red and yellow until the process of resetting the IP address has been completed.

The LEDs show green-constant if the reset process was successful.

- 1. Turn off the power to the main unit.
- Set the ID switch on the main unit back to the initial setting.
- Turn on the power to the main unit.

The IP address has been reset to the factory default (192.168.0.100)



# Input modules

16 input modules can be installed per headend unit. Hot swap technology is used in the headend, meaning that modules can be inserted/removed/moved when the headend is in operation.

#### Input module types

Each input module is identified through the use of a specifically coloured label. The label also indicates the module type's name and associated item number. The remainder of the label is used for noting post-installation module information.

Another label containing a barcode and serial number is located on the underside of the input module.

Name	DVB-C input module
Item number(s)	492024
Label colour	Crimson
Name	HDMI input module
Item number(s)	492030
Label colour	Orange
Name	A/V input module
Item number(s)	492080
Label colour	Yellow
Name	DVB-S/DVB-S2 input module
Item number(s)	492020
Label colour	Light blue
Name	DVB-T/DVB-T2 input modules
Item number(s)	492022, 492023
Label colour	Purple

Inserting input modules



- Take the protective cover away from an available input slot.
- Retain the protective cover.

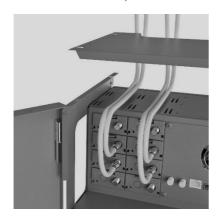
Note: Any available input slot can be used

- Push the input module into the input slot until the input module is locked in position.
- Note details for the input module on the label (optional).
- Note details for the input module on the label located inside of the door (optional).
- Continue inserting all additional input modules.



# Attaching cables

Signal cables can be attached when all input modules have been installed.





- 1. Route the cables either through the cable openings on the top or on the sides of the headend.
- 2. Attach the signal cables to the 'IN' connector on the input module.

Note: Ensure that enough cable is available for relocating input modules to alternate input slots at a later date.

# Removing input modules

Input modules are removed from the headend by:

- 1. Remove the signal cable from the module.
  - Prize the module out of the headend with a flathead screwdriver.
  - 3. Pull the module out of the headend.

#### Note:

Modules can be removed while the headend is in operation.

# **Moving input modules**

- 1. Prize the module out of the headend with a flathead screwdriver.
- 2. Pull the module out of the headend.
- 3. Insert the module in a new input slot.

#### Note:

Modules can be moved while the headend is in operation.



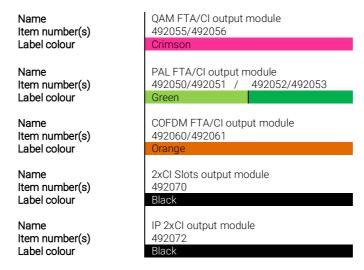
#### **Output modules**

Six output modules, each consisting of four RF channels can be installed in a headend unit. Hot Flash technology is used in the headend, meaning that output modules can be inserted/removed/moved while the headend is running.

#### **Output module types**

Each output module is identified through use of a specifically coloured label. The label also indicates the module type's name and associated item number. The remainder of the label is used for noting post-installation module information.

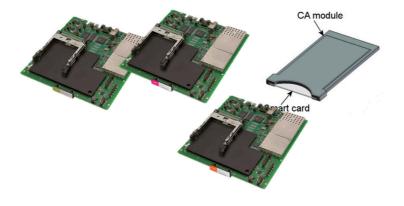
Another label containing a barcode and serial number is located on the underside of the output module.



Note: Some output modules also contain slots for two CAM modules

#### Inserting output module

Depending on where you want to insert the output module push the extractor fan to the opposite side.



- Insert smart cards (if relevant).
  - Insert the service provider's smartcard into the CA module.
  - Insert the CA module into either of the available slots in the output module.
- 2. Push the output module into an available output slot.
- 3. Press until the output module is locked into position.
- 4. Continue inserting all additional output modules.
- 5. Note details about the output module on the label (optional).
- 6. Note details about the output module on the label located on the inside of the door (optional).
- 7. Return the extractor fan to the centre of the output area.

# Removing output module

- 1. Release the lock mechanism on the module to be removed.
- 2. Extract the module from the headend.
- 3. Return the extractor fan to the center of the output area.

# **Auxiliary modules**

Two slots are present in the middle of the output section for installation of auxiliary modules. For details refer to products that use auxiliary boards.



# **System monitoring**

# Input modules - LED status

Each input module has an LED on the front to indicate its current status when the headend is powered:

Green - flashing Green Red No colour The module is yet to be configured yet. No errors, and the tuner is locked to the frequency. Error, and the tuner is not locked to the frequency.

Module is not powered.

Input module software updates are also displayed on the LED when the modules are updating:

Orange Temporary off Temporary green Booting.
Initiation of the software update.

Every time the module receives a valid data package. Repeated until the update is completed without errors.

**Red** Software update failed.

# Output modules - LED status

Four LEDs are placed at the top of the output section of each headend unit, and provide information on the state of the headend and subunits (if present).

The four LEDs are named (from left to right):

System Status Unit Link 1 Unit Link 2

The LEDs can be green - constant, green - flashing, red, or no colour is displayed. The message being indicated are different for each LED.

Headend type/usage	LED Name	Colour	Message
		Green - constant	Power is on and the headend is operational.
	System Status	Green - flashing	The headend is booting up.
		Red	An error has been detected in the headend, which must be investigated.
Standalone	Tuner Status	Green - constant	The input module tuners are locked.
		Red	One or more Input module tuners are not locked.
	Unit Link 1	Not used	
	Unit Link 2	Not used	
Main Unit in	System Status	Green - constant	Power is on and the headend is operational.
multi-unit		Green - flashing	The headend is booting up.
installation		Red	An error has been detected in the headend, which must be
			investigated.
	T 01.1	Green - constant	The input module tuners are locked.
	Tuner Status	Red	One or more Input module tuners are not locked.
		Green - constant	The subunit is connected to the main unit.
	Unit Link 1	Red	There is a problem with the connection to the subunit.
		No colour	No subunit is connected to the main unit.
	Unit Link 2	Green - constant	The subunit is connected to the main unit.
		Red	There is a problem with the connection to the subunit.
		No colour	No subunit is connected to the main unit.
		Green - constant	Power is on and the headend is operational.
	0	Green - flashing	The headend is booting up.
	System Status	Red	An error has been detected in the headend, which must be
		Reu	investigated.
	Tuner Status	Green - constant	The input module tuners are locked.
Sub Unit 1 in		Red	One or more Input module tuners are not locked.
multi-unit installation	Unit Link 1	Green - constant	The subunit is connected to the main unit.
IIIStaliation		Red	There is a problem with the connection to the subunit.
		No colour	No subunit is connected to the main unit.
		Green - constant	The subunit is connected to the main unit.
	Unit Link 2	Red	There is a problem with the connection to the subunit.
		No colour	No subunit is connected to the main unit.



Headend type/usage	LED Name	Colour	Message
		Green - constant	Power is on and the headend is operational.
	System Status	Green - flashing	The headend is booting up.
		Red	An error has been detected in the headend, which must be investigated.
Sub Unit 2 in	Tuner Status	Green - constant	The input module tuners are locked.
multi-unit installation		Red	One or more Input module tuners are not locked.
	Unit Link 1	Green - constant	The subunit is connected to the main unit.
		Red	There is a problem with the connection to the subunit.
		No colour	No subunit is connected to the main unit.
		Green - constant	The subunit is connected to the main unit.
	Unit Link 2	Red	There is a problem with the connection to the subunit.
		No colour	No subunit is connected to the main unit.

# **Service tool - System requirements**

The headend needs to be configured before it can be used.

# **Computer minimum requirements**

A computer meeting the following minimum requirements is required for configuring the headend.

Windows XP or later Operating system:

Browser:

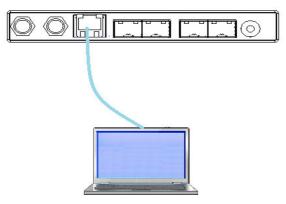
Mozilla firefox ver. 46.0.1 or newer
Google Chrome ver. 50.0.2661 or newer
MS internet explorer 11 ver. 11.0.9600.18314 or newer

# Static IP address

A static address must be used on the computer you use to configure the headend. Refer to the computer's operating software documentation for assistance on using static IP addresses.



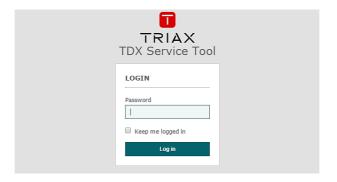
# Physical connection to headend



Connect a Cat5e shielded cable or better between the computer's network port and the configuration port on the headend.

# **Starting service tool**

- 1. Open a web browser window.
- 2. Enter 'http://192.168.0.100' in the web address field.
- 3. Press Enter.



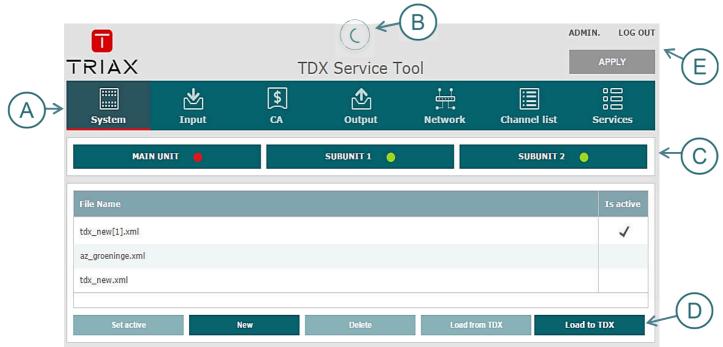
- 4. Enter the password.
- 5. Press the **Log in** button.

#### Note:

Password = 'triax1234' when the service tool is opened on each headend for the first time.

The Keep me logged in checkbox overrides the system's automatic time out function, which is activated after 20 minute's inactivity.

#### **Overview**





# Tabs (A)



Accesses the various tabs used to configure the headend's input and output modules.

System The service tool's 'home' window. Provides system overview information and

configuration activation/control.

Input Tab for configuring input modules and services.

Tab for configuring CI modules and CA cards. Refer to output module manuals for **CA Modules** 

information.

**Output Network** Tab for configuring output modules and services.

Channel List Tab for viewing available channels, refer to input module manuals for information.

Services Tab for service overview with filter options

# **Communication circle** (B)



Indicates whether the service tool is communicating with the headend unit.

**Circle is spinning** The service tool and headend are communicating.

#### System icons



Indicates whether the headend unit is functioning correctly.

Red

The headend unit is functioning correctly. Green

The headend unit is NOT functioning correctly.

To get further information: press relevant button:

Main unit

Subunit 1

Subunit 2

#### Misc. buttons (E)



Apply Stores and applies the configuration settings.

Log In/Out Service tool access control.

Opens the settings for service tool window, where language, location, time zone, and Admin

initial IP addresses are specified.

#### **Configuration buttons**



Set active Set the selected configuration active Create a new default configuration New Delete Delete the selected configuration Load from TDX Load new configuration from computer Load to TDX Load selected configuration to computer

NOTE

Press checkmark to select configuration.



#### **Administration**

The system language, locale, and time zone need to be specified on each headend unit. It is also necessary to specify IP addresses for headends which are located on a distribution network.

#### Language

- Press the Admin button at the top right-hand corner of the System window.
- 2. Open the Current language drop-down list.
- Select the desired language.
- 4. Press the **UPDATE** button, down below.

#### SETTINGS FOR TDX SERVICE TOOL

# → Language settings

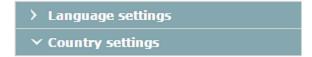
Change language for TDX Service Tool



#### Location

- Press the **Admin** button at the top right-hand corner of the System window.
- 2. Expand the Country settings area.
- 3. Open the **Current location** drop-down list.
- 4. Select the country where the headend is located.
- 5. Press the **UPDATE** button, down below.

# SETTINGS FOR TDX SERVICE TOOL



Change location for the TDX installation





#### Time zone

- Press the Admin button at the top right-hand corner of the System window.
- Expand the Time zone settings area.
- 3. Open the Input module (Main unit) drop-down list.
- 4. Select the input module that is to be used for setting the headend's system date/time/time zone.
- 5. Press the **UPDATE** button, down below.

# Time set by NTP server

It is possible to have the time in the TDX set by a NTP server.

The *Primary* and *Secondary time server* can be setup using either a. IP address like "192.168.30.31" or a URL like "the.best.ntpserver.org". If a URL is used then a DNS must be setup in the *IP settings* sub menu. See below.

#### SETTINGS FOR TDX SERVICE TOOL

> Language settings		
> Country settings		
> Time settings		
> Password settings		
> License handling		
∨ IP settings		
Configuration port		
IP address	Subnet mask	Default gateway
192.168.0.100	255.255.255.0	192.168.0.1
NS Server 1	DNS Server 2	
NS Server 1 8.8.8.8	DNS Server 2	)
	DNS Server 2	)
		)
8.8.8.8		
8.8.8.8  Edit link IP settings for system  ENTER SETUP		ddress
8.8.8.8  Edit link IP settings for system  ENTER SETUP		Idress

# SETTINGS FOR TDX SERVICE TOOL > Country settings Select input module from main unit to use as source for system time. If r Input module (Main unit) 1 DVB-T Enable NTP timeserver Enter IP address or host name for time servers Primary time server Secondary time server SETTINGS FOR TDX SERVICE TOOL Select input module from main unit to use as source for system time. If r Input module (Main unit) 1 DVB-T Enable NTP timeserver Enter IP address or host name for time servers Primary time server Secondary time server

# **Security**

- Press the Admin button at the top right-hand corner of the System window.
- 2. Expand the Password settings area.
- Specify the current password in the Old password field. ('triax1234') if the service tool is being used for the first time.
- 4. Specify a new password in the New password field.
- 5. Re-specify the new password in the **Confirm password** field.
- 6. Press the UPDATE button, down below.

#### SETTINGS FOR TDX SERVICE TOOL

> Language settings		
> Country settings		
> Time settings		
→ Password settings		
Change password for TDX	system	
Old password	New password	Confirm password



#### **Features and License Keys**

Licenses handle the Features (e.g. IP input and/or IP output or SNMP functionality) available for the Headend. To activate a specific Feature, you need to type in the License Key for the specific Feature.

The License Key and matching Unique ID is created for the individual Headend, and can therefore not be re-used in other Headend installations

When you have purchased and retrieved the necessary License Keys and Unique IDs they need to be entered into the Headend system to activate the Feature:

- Press the Admin button at the top right-hand corner of the system window.
- Expand the "License handling" area.
- Enter the retrieved License Keys to the matching Unique IDs in the order given from TRIAX.
- Press the ACTIVATE button, and the installed license is listed.



- IP input service Quantity: 96
- SNMP Quantity: 1
- Simulcrypt scrambler DIGITAL Quantity: 1
- Simulcrypt scrambler IP Quantity: 1
- Simulcrypt scrambler 24 service LIMITED Quantity: 25
- PID remapping license Quantity: 1

#### **How-To get License Keys**

To retrieve a License Key, you need to access the TRIAX Product Registration Tool on our online My TRIAX

Access to TRIAX My TRIAX require personal login credentials! If not already acquired, please apply online.

To register a Headend system and retrieve new License Keys, you will need to upload the Equipment-File for the specific Headend. The Equipment-File is automatically generated by the service tool:

- Press the Admin button at the top right-hand corner of the system window.
- Expand the "System maintenance" handling area.
- Press SAVE EQUIP. and the Equipment-File is generated and saved on your PC.



# 30-day Trial Period, Free of charge access to all Features

The TDX Black Edition is delivered with a free of charge 30-day installation period with unlimited access to all available Features. When TDX Black Edition is initialized for the first time, you have to start the 30-day Trial Period. The START TRIAL box is automatically displayed, and you start the trial by pressing START.

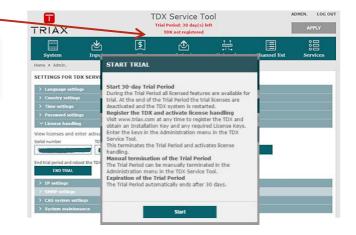
Above the menu bar you will now see the remaining days of your trial period.



To activate Features permanently, please follow procedure described in "Features and License Keys"

- To end 30-day Trial Period actively you have 2 choices:

  1. Retrieve "Installation Key" license from PRT. At the same time please retrieve License Keys for any other Features to be permanently installed in the Headend.
  - Expand "License handling" area and press END TRIAL.





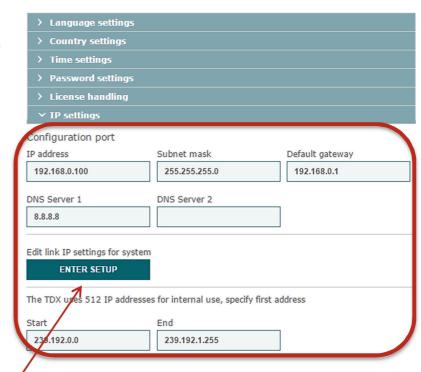
#### **IP** settings

It may be necessary to specify specific IP addresses for the headend to avoid network IP address conflicts.

**Note:** Headend IP addresses can be reset to factory default settings if required. This is done via the ID switch located on the headend unit(s).

- 1. Press the **Admin** button at the top right-hand corner of the System window.
- 2. Expand the IP settings area.
- 3. Specify the headend's IP address, subnet mask and default gateway in the corresponding fields.
- 4. Press the **UPDATE** button, down below.

#### SETTINGS FOR TDX SERVICE TOOL



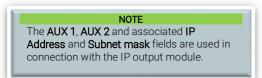
#### IP settings - continued

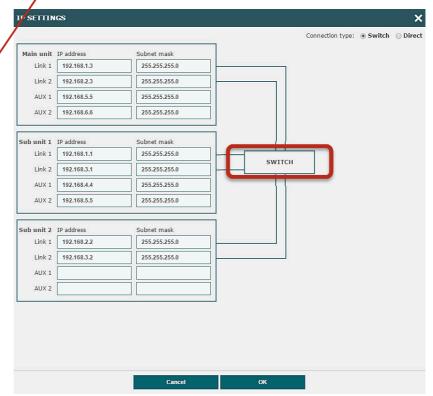
This step is only relevant where Main and sub units are connected to the network via a Gigabit network switch.

Press the ENTER SETUP button

The **IP Settings** window is used to specify unique IP addresses and subnet masks used by the Link 1 and Link 2 sockets on the main and sub units. This provides additional functionality to avoid IP address conflicts.

- Select the Switch radio button.
- Specify unique IP addresses and subnet mask details for the main and subunits in the corresponding fields.
- 3. Press the **UPDATE** button, down below.







#### IP settings - continued

#### Remaining steps are valid for all multi-unit installations.

The 512 IP addresses used by the headend(s) must not conflict with any of the IP addresses used either within the network or for services.

- Enter the first of the 512 IP addresses used for internal purposes in the Start field.
- 2. Press the **UPDATE** button, down below.

A message is displayed if the headend needs to be rebooted due to IP address changes having been made.



#### SETTINGS FOR TDX SERVICE TOOL

> Language settings		
> Country settings		
> Time settings		
> Password settings		
> License handling		
✓ IP settings		
Configuration port		
IP address	Subnet mask	Default gateway
192.168.0.100	255.255.255.0	192.168.0.1
DNS Server 1	DNS Server 2	
8.8.8.8		
Edit link IP settings for system  ENTER SETUP		
The TDX uses 512 IP addresses	s for internal use, specify first ad	ldress
Start	End	1
239.192.0.0	239.192.1.255	J

## **SNMP settings**

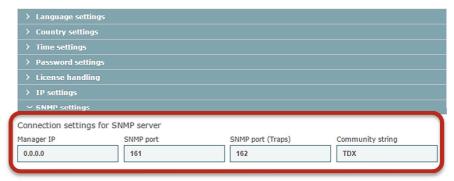
SNMP stands for "Simple Network Management Protocol".

SNMP is an Internet standard protocol that you use for exchanging management information between the equipment in a CATV network. You can use SNMP to monitor sub-headends, fibre notes and amplifiers or to check the status of the equipment.

- Press the Admin button at the top righthand corner of the System window.
- 2. Expand the SNMP settings area.
- 3. Specify the IP address of the computer that monitors the network, i.e. the SNMP manager.
- Specify new SNMP port numbers if you want to change the default values in the two SNMP port fields.
- 5. Enter a password to access the SNMP manager in the **Community string** field.
- 6. Press the **UPDATE** button, down below.

For an overview of SNMP traps, see "SNMP Traps".

#### SETTINGS FOR TDX SERVICE TOOL





# **CAS** system settings

- Enter relevant information as example shown here.
- Press the **UPDATE** button, down below.

#### NOTE

CAS system should be connected to the TDX system.

TDX should have quality input signal and user should have a license.

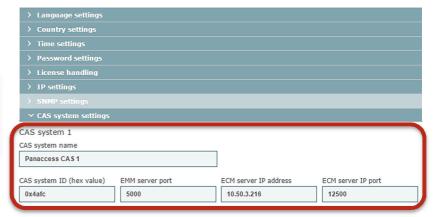
# Rebooting

- 1. Press the **Admin** button at the top of the right-hand corner of the System window.
- 2. Expand the System maintenance area.
- 3. Press the **Reboot** button.
- 4. You will be prompted before reboot takes place.

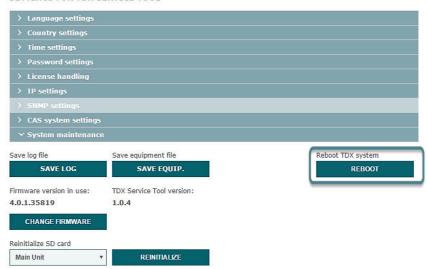
#### NOTE

Changes to IP addresses only take effect when the headend has been rebooted.

#### SETTINGS FOR TDX SERVICE TOOL



#### SETTINGS FOR TDX SERVICE TOOL



# View system log

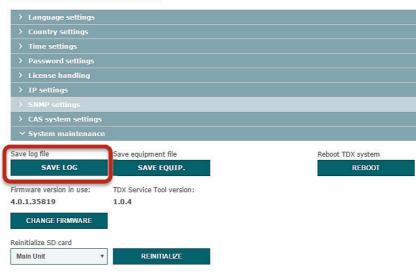
It is possible to save log files for viewing headend actions.

1. In the System maintenance – press **SAVE LOG** 



- 2. A txt file is saved to the Downloads folder in Windows see snippet above.
- 3. Open the TDXLOG.txt file in ie. Notepad or the like.
- 4. Rename the file if needed

#### SETTINGS FOR TDX SERVICE TOOL





### Firmware updating

Firmware updates are available from the support section at TRIAX

Always read the release notes to determine whether the headend would benefit from available firmware updates or not.

- 1. Press the CHANGE FIRMWARE button
- A dialog box that lists the current and previous F/W versions, will open:



- To change the F/W, highlight the firmware you want to install, press SET ACTIVE or Press the UPLOAD FILE button, find the desired F/W to be uploaded and installed, and then press SET ACTIVE
- When you have pressed the the SET ACTIVE button a box opens, where you have 2 options:
  - a. REPLACE ALL updates all of the headend's firmware, i.e. modules, system controller and user interface. (This is recommended)
  - b. UPDATE OLD PACKAGES Updates only outdated modules
- 5. Press START UPDATE, and the update starts, during which you have can abort if needed.
- 6. When update is finished (could take some time) you will be noticed.

# NOTE Service distribution to end-users will be disrupted while the headend restarts.

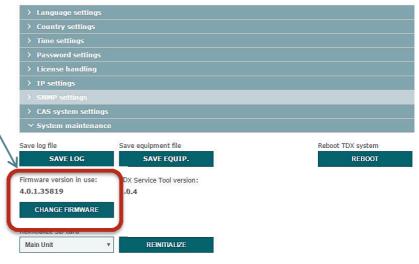
The **Update old packages** radio button should only be used in cases where the headend consists mainly of new modules, but also contains some older modules that might benefit from an update.

# NOTE As from the F/W version 4.0.1 it is not possible to reverse to older Firmware. This is due to significantly changed and improved firmware.

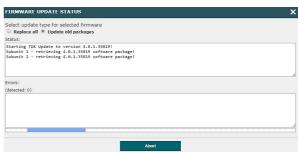
#### Firmware clean up

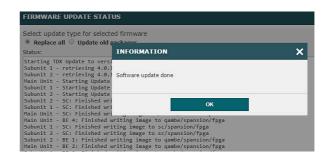
Select the firmware updates to be removed from the system tool by pressing the DELETE bucket, and confirm with YES

#### SETTINGS FOR TDX SERVICE TOOL













# Format file system in flash

If data in the TDX needs to be deleted, then you need to format file system in flash of the TDX.

Be aware: this operation DELETES ALL data in the TDX - including License data!

- - Set rotary wheel to 6 2. Reboot TDX
  - Wait for the 4 front LED's to blink red 3.
  - 4. Set wheel to 2
  - The 2nd diode should slowly blink green followed by rapid blinking green after some seconds
  - Wait for diode to turn solid green 6.
  - Set wheel back to original position
  - Reboot

#### Force TDX systemcontroller in failsafe mode

If there is a S/W version mismatch inside the TDX system – then the system will go into "Failsafe" mode. To get back into normal mode, a S/W update has to be performed.

The Failsafe mode can also be forced – see description below:

- Set rotary wheel to 6
- 2. Reboot TDX
- 3. Wait for the 4 front LEDS to blink red
- 4. Set wheel to 1
- 5. The 1st diode should slowly blink followed by fast blinking
- 6. Wait for diode to turn solid green
- Set wheel back to original position
- Reboot

# Reinitialize SD card

If the TDX system reports "SD card corrupt" then the SD card needs to be reinitialized.

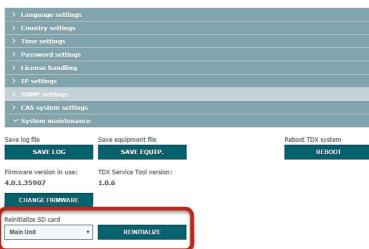
This can happen for the SD card in either the Main or Subunit 1 or 2. (if your TDX system got Subunits)

Be aware: This function deletes ALL information stored in the SD card.

The SD card stores NON critical data, (ie. logfiles and S/W update packages).

Choose the unit in which the SD card needs to be reinitialized

# SETTINGS FOR TDX SERVICE TOOL



**EN** 

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#### IP out service list









It is possible to get the list of services at IP out in the following formats:

- XSPF
- M3U
- Extended M3U
- Extended++ M3U

 $\textbf{XSPF} \ \text{can be accessed by enter \it "/ipoutservices" after the URL for the TDX configuration. \it the transfer of the trans$ 

#### Sample:

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

<playlist version="1" xmlns="http://xspf.org/ns/0/">

<trackList>

<track><title>DR1</title><location>udp://@239.194.0.1:50172</location>

<extension application="http://www.triax.com"><poolserviceid>4</poolserviceid></extension></track>

<track><title>Syd</title><location>udp://@239.194.0.2:50172</location>

<extension application="http://www.triax.com"><poolserviceid>6</poolserviceid></extension></track>
</track/intensions/frack></track/intensions/frack></track/intensions/frack></track/intensions/frack></track/intensions/frack></track/intensions/frack>

</trackList>

</playlist>

M3U can be accessed by enter "/orgChanlist.m3u" after the URL for the TDX configuration.

This service list contains

IP adresses and port numbers

#### Sample:

udp://239.194.0.1:50172

udp://239.194.0.2:50172

Extended M3U can be accessed by enter "/chanlist.m3u" after the URL for the TDX configuration.

The service list is compliant to SAT>IP Protocol Specification

(ver. 1.2.2) and is defined as "extended M3U channel list"

In the standard under appendix A2.1

This service list contains

- IP adress and port number
- Service name
- LCN

## Sample:

#EXTING: #EXTINF:0,1. DR1 udp://239.194.0.1:50172 #EXTINF:0,3. Syd udp://239.194.0.2:50172

Extended++ M3U can be accessed by enter "/satip.m3u" after the URL for the TDX configuration.

The service list is based at the Extended M3U with further extensions.

The service list can be used for TV sets. Panasonic is one TV set vendor that supports this service list as service discovery.

The list is used for communication between the TDX system controller and the TDX EPG server.

This service list contains

- IP adress and port number
- Service name, transport stream ID, original network ID
- LCN
  - Service type (1=TV, 2=Radio)

# Sample:

#FXTM311

#EXTINF:0,1. DR1

udp://239.194.0.1:50172?stype=1&onid=43962&tsid=0&svcid=4

#EXTINF:0,3. Syd

udp://239.194.0.2:50172?stype=1&onid=43962&tsid=0&svcid=6

All above lists can be downloaded





# **System information**

# Viewing system information

Detailed information is available on headend units:

- Select the System tab.
- Select the main unit or one of the subunits in the System information list area.



The **System information for unit** window is displayed. The window contains information relating to:

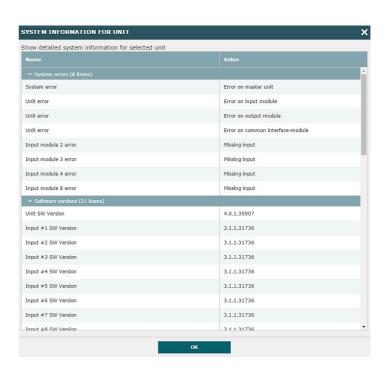
Any headend system errors

Name and associated software version of input and output modules

Note that the software versions installed on all headends, including each input/output module must be identical.

Update the software for the entire headend installation (including input/output modules) if this is not the case.

- MAC addresses
- Current/minimum/maximum temperatures
- Power supply



## **Duplicated PID's**

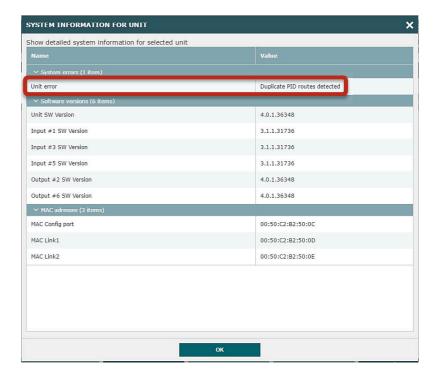
Selecting IP services for output may result in a selection of services from an MPTS stream that uses the same PID for two or more services.

It is not possible to output services with identical PIDs. If you have selected services with identical PIDs, the System icon of the headend unit that handles the output of the services with identical PIDs turns red.

• Click the affected unit to open the **System** information for unit window.

The **System information for unit window** lists the output module(s) and channel(s) which attempt to output services with identical PIDs.

To solve the problem you have to open the configuration window of the output module(s) listed in the **System information for unit** window, and deselect the selected IP services one by one while checking the **System information for unit** window until the message disappears from the window.





# **Managing configuration files**

#### Creating

- Select the System window.
- 2. Select the **New** button.

An empty configuration file is created and listed in the configuration list area.

#### **Deleting**

- 1. Select the **System** tab.
- Highlight the configuration file to be deleted. Press the **Delete** button.

#### **Activating**

- 1. Select the **System** tab.
- 2. Select the configuration that is to be actively used on the headend.
- 3. Press the **Set active** button.
- 4. The TDX will load new configuration file and reconnect system



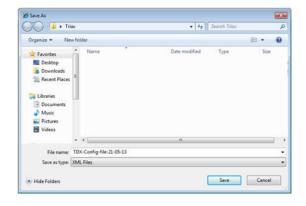


## Saving

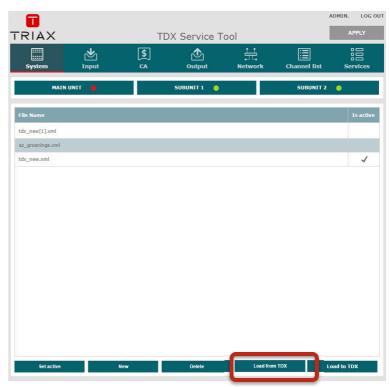
Headend configuration files can, if desired, be saved on the computer. This simplifies the process of configuring additional headends that contain the same modules.

A saved configuration file can also be used on headends that do not contain exactly the same modules. It will, however, be necessary to reconfigure/delete/add the modules that differ between the initial headend and that being configured.

- Select the **System** tab.
- 2. Press the **Load from TDX** button.



- 3. Navigate to where the configuration file is to be saved.
- 4. Enter a name for the configuration file.
- 5. Select 'XML' in the File type field.
- 6. Press the Save button to save.





# **Uploading**

Configuration files previously saved on a computer can be transferred to the system tool to simplify the configuration process.

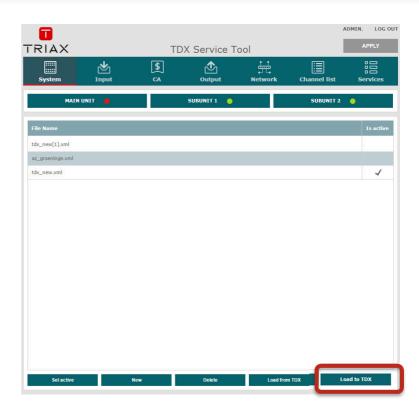
Any module differences will need to be manually configured.

- Select the **System** tab. Press the **Load to TDX** button. 2.



- 3. Navigate to the folder where the configuration file to be uploaded is located.
- 4. Select the file.
- 5. Press the **Open** button.

The configuration file will now be listed in the configuration list area. A number in brackets, e.g. (1), is added to the name of the new file if an identically named configuration file is already present.





# **IP Input configurations**

The headend system includes basic IPTV functionality which enables service delivery over a packet-switched network infrastructure. To handle IP input through the Link sockets the following requirements must be satisfied:

IP multicast streaming (UDP streaming)

Possibility of RTP

Possibility of IGMP version 2

SPTS or MPTS including PAT, PMT, CAT

#### Important:

The TDX headend system supports up to 7 TS packets per IP packet at IP inputs.

The TDX headend system does not support IP fragmentation at IP inputs, which may occur if the IP packets are transmitted over a network with a Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) less than approximately 80 + N\*188 bytes, where N is the number of packets per IP packet..

Recommended settings are 7 TS packets per IP packet and a minimum MTU of 1500 bytes in the entire network path.

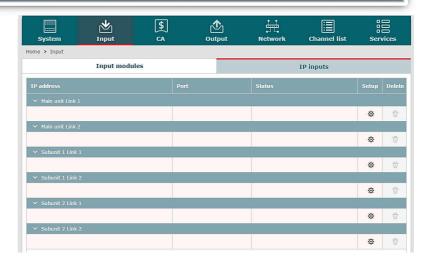
anniviro or 1300 bytes in the entire hetwork path.

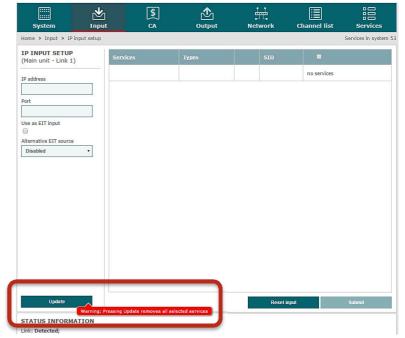
#### NOTE

Licenses for IP input are required to be able to use the IPTV functionality in the headend. The licenses can be purchased from Triax Sales, and need to be activated, see "Activating licenses". Get more knowledge at <a href="IRIAX">IRIAX</a>

#### Creating

- 1. Select the **Input** tab.
- 2. Select the IP inputs sub-tab.
- Press the Setup button for the link socket that processes IP input.
- 4. Specify the desired IP address and associated IP port number in the corresponding fields.
- 5. Press the **Update** button.
- 6. Previously selected services will be deleted when pressing the **Update** button
- Check the Selected services checkbox for one or more services to select the service(s) you want to use.







#### **Creating - continued**

#### Important:

If the IP input uses MPTS streams, then each stream can contain one or more services. An MPTS stream may use the same PID (Package ID) for two or more of the services that it contains.

However, the headend system cannot output services with the same PID. To discover services with the same PID is NOT possible until you have selected the services with identical PIDs in order to output them using an output module or a Link socket.

If you attempt to output services with identical PIDs:

- the System Status LED turns red on the unit that tries to output the IP services,
- the System icon of the affected headend unit turns red on the System tab in the Service Tool,
- the System Status LED and System icon turn red on the main unit in a multi-unit installation.
- See "Duplicated PIDs" for further information.
- View the **Status information** area to ensure that IP data is being sourced through the Link socket.
- 9. Press the Submit button.

The selected service is now available in the headend service pool.

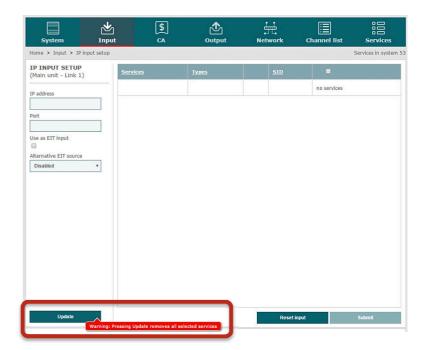
Press the Apply button to save the new settings in the configuration.

# Specifying EIT/EPG source

One input on each link per headend can be configured to carry Event Information Table (EIT) data.

- Specify the desired IP address and associated IP port number in the corresponding fields.
- 2. Check the Use as EIT input checkbox.
- 3. Press the **Update** button.
- 4. Previously selected services will be deleted when pressing the **Update** button
- Check the Selected services checkbox for one or more services to select the service(s) you want
- View the **Status information** area to ensure that IP data is being sourced through the Link socket.
- 7. Press the **Submit** button.

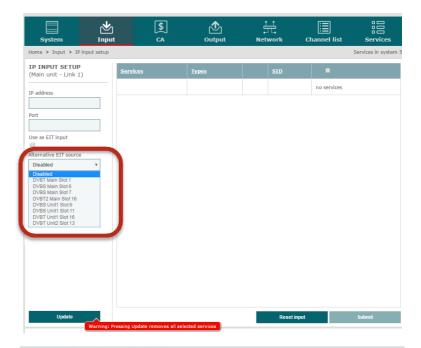




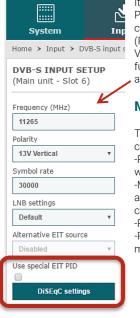


#### **Specifying Alternative EIT/EPG source**

- Specify the desired IP address and associated IP port number in the corresponding fields.
- 2. Open the Alternative EIT source drop-down list.
- 3. Select the **EIT source** to be used.
- 4. Press the **Update** button.
- Previously selected services will be deleted when pressing the **Update** button
- Previously selected services will be deleted when pressing the **Update** button
- Check the Selected services checkbox for one or more services to select the service(s) you want to use
- View the Status information area to ensure that IP data is being sourced through Link 1 or 2 on the socket
- 9. Press the **Submit** button.



#### **EIT for Viasat services**



It is possible to change the EIT at PID 57 received at DVB-S input and convert the EIT to the standard PID (PID 18) for EIT. This function is for Viasat services. To activate this function select *Use special EIT PID* at the *Input* menu for DVB-S.

#### **Modifying**

To modify an existing IP input configuration:

- -Press the **Setup** button associated with the IP input configuration.
  -Make the required modifications as when creating an IP input configuration.
- -Press the **Submit** button.
- -Press the **Apply** button when the modifications have been made.

#### **Deleting**

- Press the **Delete** button of the IP input to be removed.
- Confirm that the selected IP input is to be removed.
- 3. Press the **Apply** button.



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# IP output configurations

#### Creating

The TDX headend offers two solutions to output IPTV services:

#### Through LINK sockets:

- IP multicast streaming (UDP streaming)
- No RTP option
- IGMP version 2
- SPTS or MPTS including SDT, PAT, PMT, CAT
- Packet ratio of 1 TS packet per IP packet
- Not possible to change service ID (SID)
- EIT (IP) NOT possible

#### Through AUX socket using an IP backend module

- IP multicast streaming (UDP & RTP streaming)
- IGMP version 2
- SPTS or MPTS including SDT, PAT, PMT, CAT
- Set packet ratio for TS packets per IP packet
- Changing service ID (SID)
- Selection of descrambled service
- Selection of scrambled service
- EIT (IP) possible

In case this option (IP backend) is used: see detailed description of the IPTV Service administration process in the IP output module user quide

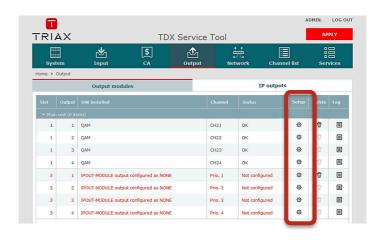
# NOTE

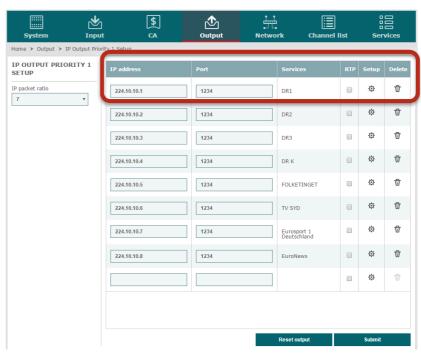
Licenses for IP output are required to be able to use the IPTV functionality in the headend. The licenses can be purchased from TRIAX Sales, and need to be activated, see "Activating licenses"

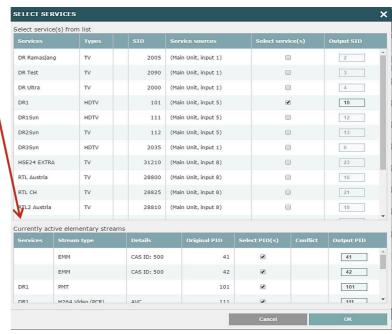
#### Creating IP out Services using the LINK port

- 1. Select the Output tab.
- Select the IP outputs sub-tab. 2.
- 3. Press the **Setup** button for the link socket that will process IP output.
- 4 Specify the desired IP address and associated IP port number in the corresponding fields.
- 5 Press the Services button.
  - The Select Services window displays services from input that has entered the headend system through the same unit which contains the Link socket(s) being used for service distribution.
- Select the services to be distributed through 6 the link
- Press the **UPDATE** button, down below.

Services selected for one output on a Link will not be selectable for other outputs on the same Link. Re-scrambled and/or descrambled services cannot be distributed using the Link sockets. They can, however, be distributed using an IP output module and the AUX sockets.





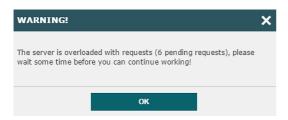




#### **Creating - continued**

- 3. View the **Status information** area, down below, to see the following:
  - The link's RTP status
  - The transfer bitrate
  - The number of license services used.
  - The total number of purchased service licenses
- 9. Press the Submit button.
- 10. Press the Apply button

The following message is displayed if the server is busy fulfilling requests from the user:



#### STATUS INFORMATION

Status: OK; SW-Revision: 4.0.1.35773;

The following message is displayed if more services have been selected than are permitted by the current licenses.



# **Modifying**

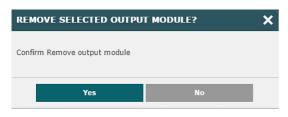
To modify and existing IP output configurations:

- 1. Press the **Setup** button associated with the IP output configuration.
- 2. Make the required modifications as when creating an IP output configuration.
- 3. Press the **Submit** button on the IP output setup window.

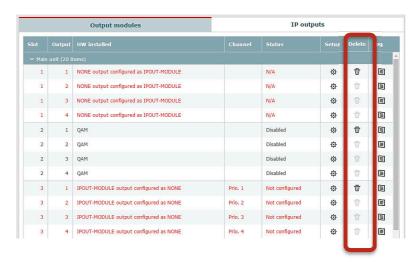
Press the Apply button when the modifications have been made.

#### **Deleting**

 Press the **Delete** button for the IP output to be removed



- Confirm that the selected IP output is to be removed.
- 3. Press the Apply button



# **Network switch port**

#### ATTENTION

TRIAX recommends that the network switch port (connected to the TDX aux port), is configured so data **from network** to TDX is prevented/blocked. This is also called UDE (unidirectional ethernet) More info can be found in the TRIAX support knowledge base.



# **EIT/EPG output**

If you want to distribute EIT information in connection with your IP output, you can choose between:

- distributing EIT information with every single IP service, or
- use a barker channel for carrying all EIT information for the IP output.

The EIT barker channel can be output in two ways depending on how you distribute your IP output:

#### IP output method

# IP output is distributed through the Link sockets.

IP output is distributed through an IP output module.

## **Barker channel distribution method**



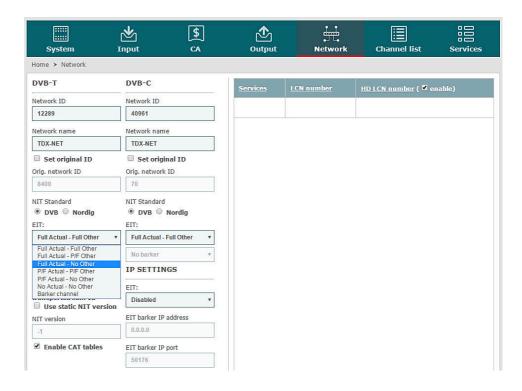
EIT barker channel is output through Link 2 on the main unit



EIT barker channel is output through the AUX socket on the first IP output module in the headend system

# EIT - every IP service

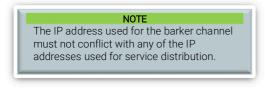
- Select the **Network** tab in the Service Tool.
- Open the EIT drop-down list.
- 3. Select "Full Actual No other".
- 4. Press the **Submit** button.
- 5. Press the **Apply** button.



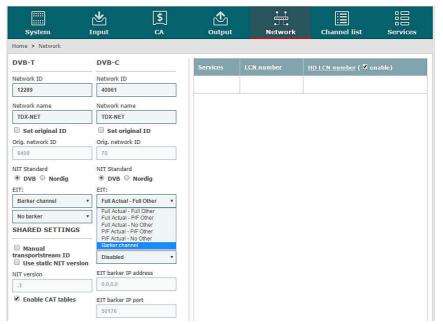


#### EIT - barker channel

- Select the **Network** tab in the Service Tool.
- 2. Open the EIT drop-down list.
- 3. Select "Barker channel".
- 4. Specify the IP address for the EIT barker channel in the **EIT barker IP address** field.
- 5. Specify the associated port number in the EIT barker IP port field.
- 6. Press the Submit button.
- 7. Press the Apply button.
- 8.



The **Network** window now contains a single line of information stating which unit and socket is used by the EIT barker channel.



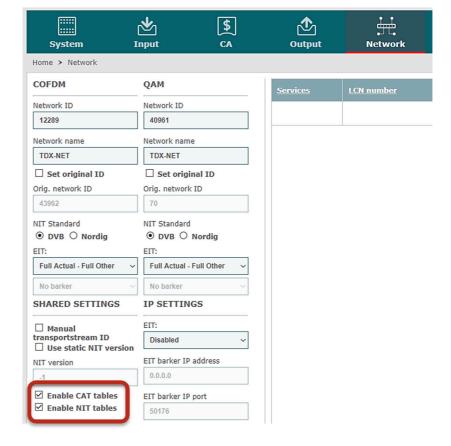
#### **Disable CAT tables**

When the "Enable CAT tables" check-box is unchecked, the CAT tables, and only the CAT tables, of all outgoing transport streams of the TDX system will be removed.

This means that I.e. no transport stream packets with PID 0x0001 are to be found in the outgoing transport streams. However – the data referenced by the CA descriptors within the CAT tables, the EMM streams, will still remain in the outgoing transport streams.

Since they are now un-referenced PIDs, most analysis tools (.e.g DVBAnalyzer, Dektec Stream Xpert etc.) will flag the presence of these streams as an error

If the user of a TDX system wishes to remove BOTH the CAT table and the EMM streams, the EMM streams have to be filtered at each active output (see *picture 2*). Note that filtering of PIDs requires an installed license for enabling this feature.

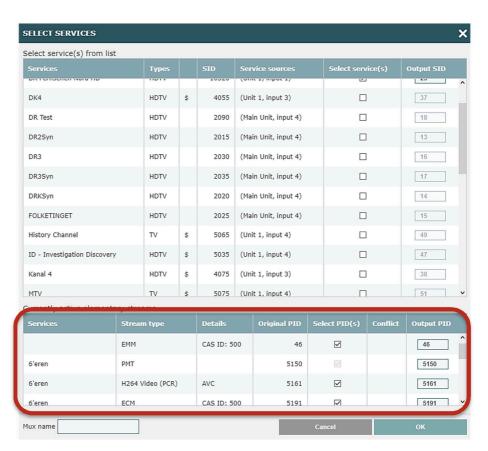




# **CA descriptors**

The checking and unchecking of the "Enable CAT tables" has no effect on the CA-descriptors which are found in the PMT tables and their referenced data, the ECM streams.

Press "Output" Choose populated slot and press "Setup" Press "Services"





### **PID** handling

From S/W version 4.0.1 it is possible to filter or even remap the PID.

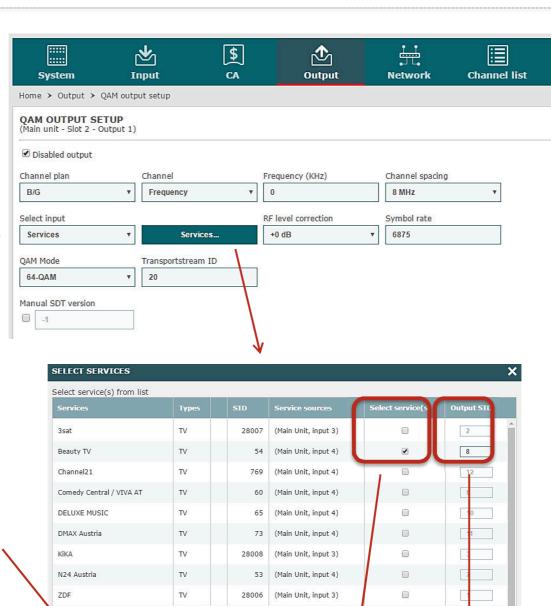
- 1. Find output and press SERVICES button.
- A box opens by pressing the SELECT SERVICES you can select/deselect specific services.
- It is also possible to change the output PID – remember however that all PID's shall be different.

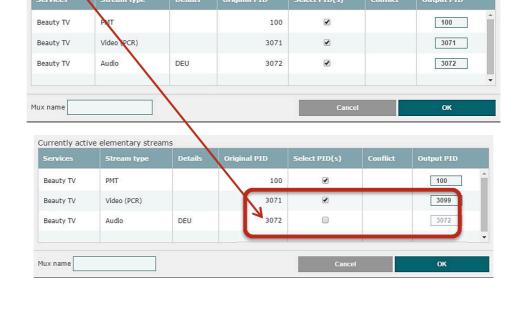
## Example:

- Press button SERVICES
- At the shown QAM output, there is the following services: 3SAT, KIKA, ZDF, zdf-kultur, zdf-neo and zdf-info.
- Enable the "beauty TV" service
- Now you can see the elementary streams that comes with the service
- You can choose to hide the audio by uncheck the PID (3072) You can also choose to remap the Video PID from 3071 to 3099
- Press OK
- Remember to uncheck the field "disabled output" at the previous screen.



- Press "SUBMIT" and then "APPLY"
- This way it is possible to have full control over the PID's of a specific stream





EN 38

df.kultur

Currently active elementary streams

zdf

TV

TV

28016

28014

(Main Unit, input 3)

(Main Unit, input 3)

#### **Black Edition**



**SNMP traps** 

**PowerUp** OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.1

Trap generated when the TDX will be power cycled.

**Login** OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.2

Trap generated when the web configurator is logged on.

**Logout** OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.3

Trap generated when the web configurator is logged out.

**TimeOut** OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.4

Trap generated when the web configurator is timed out.

FailedLogin OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.5

Trap generated when the web configurator login has failed.

**Restart** OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.6

Trap generated when TDX is restarted.

InputError OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.7

Trap generated when an input module has an error, e.g. module no longer locked to frequency, missing

module etc,

**Clinsertion** OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.8

Trap generated when a CI module is inserted in the TDX.

**CIRemoval** OID 1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.9

Trap generated when a CI module is removed from the TDX.

ModuleInsertion OID 1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.10

Trap generated when an input or output module is inserted.

ModuleRemoval OID 1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.11

Trap generated when an input or output module is removed.

**CIDescramblingError** OID 1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.12

Trap generated when a service descrambling has an error.

**CICommunicationDown** OID 1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.13

Trap generated when communication with CI module fails.

<u>VideoDecodingError</u> OID 1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.14

Trap generated when video decoding of a service in a PAL output module fails.

<u>InterlinkDisconnect</u> OID 1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.15

Trap generated when main unit loses connection to a subunit.

ConfigurationChangeAppliedOID1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.16Trap generated when the user applies changes in the web configurator.InputOKOID1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.17

Trap generated when an input module error disappears, e.g. errors that can disappear are input module

no longer locked to frequency, missing module etc,

<u>CIDescramblingOK</u> OID 1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.18

Trap generated when a service descrambling error disappears.

CICommunicationUPOID1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.19Trap generated when communication with the CI module no longer fails.VideoDecodingOKOID1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.20

Trap generated when a video decoding of a service in PAL output module no longer fails.

InterlinkConnect OID 1.3.6.1.4.1.41359.1.1.1.21

Trap generated when a main unit is connected to a subunit



## A. Simulcrypt Intro

#### 1. Definitions

DVB Simulcrypt defines a system architecture that allows different Conditional Access Systems (CAS) to cooperate with head-end equipment from different vendors.

A Simulcrypt system provides CAS specific management and control, for use with a generic service scrambling mechanism in the head-ends

The basic Simulcrypt system consists of a single CAS server connected to a single head-end, e.g. a TDX single-unit or multi-unit system. Multiple head-ends may be connected to the same CAS server(s), distinguished by the IP addresses of the head-ends. This makes no difference to the scenario seen from the head-end.

#### 2. Architecture

The Simulcrypt architecture splits the CA functionality in two major parts:

- CAS server part handles the CAS specific management and control flow to distribute access rights to entitled receivers. These
  parts are private to each CAS vendor and comprise heavy encryption of keys and control words to be distributed in public
  messages but decoded by entitled receivers only. CAS servers communicate with head-ends via the Simulcrypt protocol over
  TCP/IP connections. The message format is standardized, but much of the message content is private to the CA system
- Head-end part performs the actual scrambling of service content and inserts the CA message flows into transport streams in a standardized way.

## 3. Simulcrypt in the TDX

From a high level user perspective, the Simulcrypt feature comes with Digital Backend modules (QAM, COFDM and/or IP OUT) and is made available via the licensing system. It is managed via the Service tool and connects to CAS servers over TCP/IP through the management port.

To enable Simulcrypt scrambling, the user must:

- Install one or more output modules with Simulcrypt option
- Install proper license for Simulcrypt in the TDX
- Configure CAS ID and address information per TDX system
- Connect and configure a CAS server

To enable a Simulcrypt scrambled service, the user must:

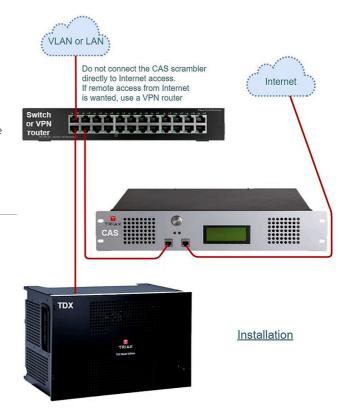
- Select a scrambler, ie. a Simulcrypt enabled backend module
- Configure CAS parameters for scrambling the service
- Map the scrambled service to outputs via the TDX pool

The CAS server and scrambler related configuration is similar to the existing configuration of CI scrambler modules.

## B. Panaccess setup

# 1. System setup description - Panaccess

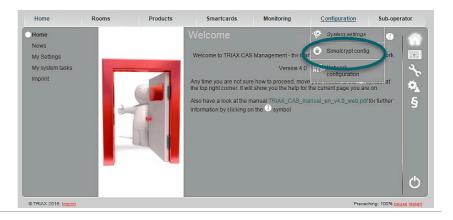
- The CAS server requires internet connection for creating a VPN session to <u>www.triax.cas.com</u>
- The CAS scrambler port is required to be in the same network (VLAN) as the TDX
- The ECM port 12500 is forwarded to CAS scrambler port for TDX access outside VLAN
- TV & STB Connected as example above
- STB: able to Descramble service





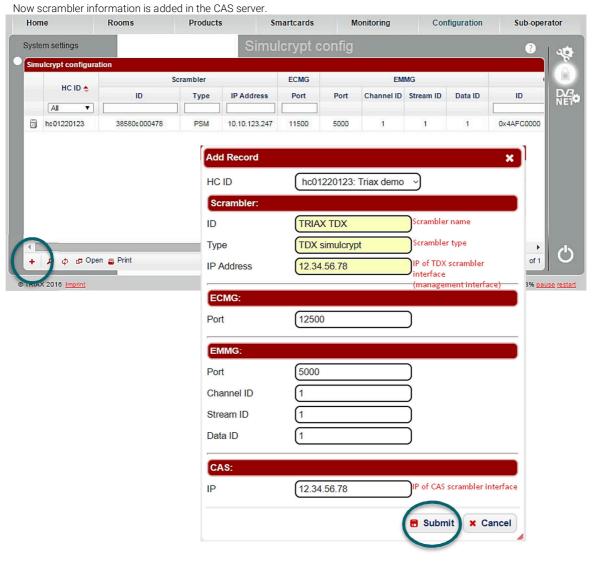
# 2. Simulcrypt Configuration in CAS server - login

A thorough description of how to setup, is described in the <u>User manual</u> for the CAS server.



### 3. Add scrambler information

Press +
Enter scrambler information – click submit.





# C. How to set up Simulcrypt in the TDX

#### 1. Prerequisites

- TDX should be connected to the CAS System see installation drawing on page I.
- TDX should have quality input signal to use
- User must have valid license(s)

The TDX configuration port has to be in the same VVLAN as the CAS server,

- if the CAS server has IP 10.10.85.1
  - then the TDX has to be set up to 10.10.85.xx
- Enter relevant information in "CAS system settings" from TDX Admin options window.
- Enter mandatory fields in the Service tool, as shown in example.
- Click OK and apply





#### CAS system ID

- As shown in the CAS server Simulcrypt settings w/o zeroes/end. le. 0x4AFC000 is 0x4AFC
- Panaccess: 0x4AFC / Samsung: 0x112

EMM server port

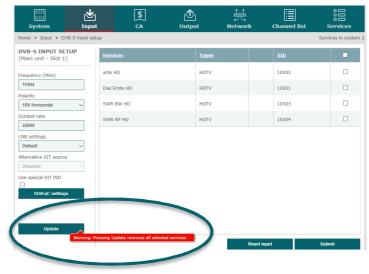
As defined in the CAS server. Default: 5000

#### ECM server IP adress

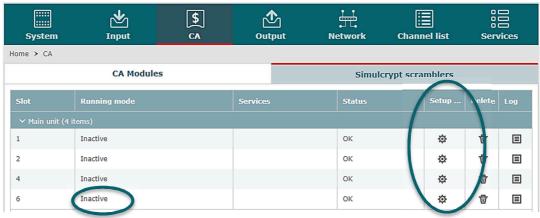
- IP adress from the CAS server
   ECM server IP port
  - As defined in the CAS server.
    - Panaccess: 12500 / Samsung: 9999

## 2. How to setup a service to be scrambled

- Route non scrambled service to scrambler
- Configure "input" in TDX as example below
- Click Update and Apply remember when clicking Update, previously selected services will be removed



Click on CA then on Simulcrypt scramblers. Click on Setup



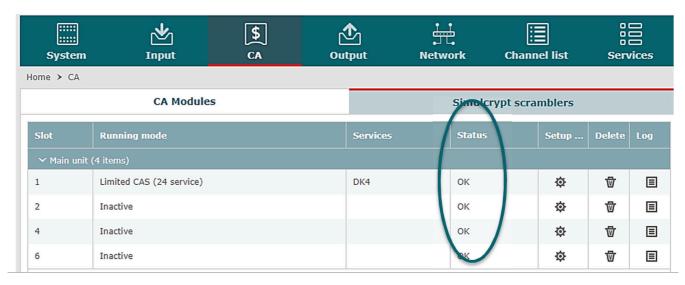


Choose running mode options:

- Inactive no license
- Full CAS (DIG) all licenses possible
- Limited CAS (12 service) only 12 licenses
- Access criteria: (0 is default) write as service SID of the service in HEX (SID 2 = 002 access criteria
- Click on Submit

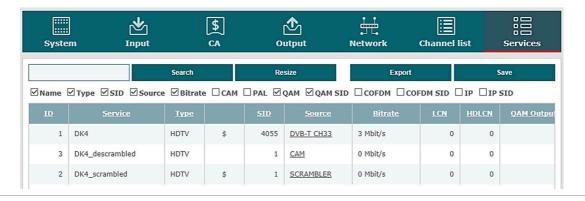


Make sure Status is OK



Make sure service is configured correct and available in "Service List" as below

- DK4 is the "raw" channel coming direct from the antenna/dish
- DK4\_descrambled is the descrambled channel from ie. DVB-S, descrambled by CAM +smartcard and put back into the pool
- DK4\_scrambled is the (re) scrambled channel coming from Simulcrypt





# D. Samsung DRM / LYNK server

#### NOTE

Samsung LYNK and SINC server installation are NOT supported by TRIAX. If support is needed, please contact Samsung support. TRIAX will however help retrieve a server license from Samsung.

### 1. Prerequisites & setup

#### Setup TDX Simulcrypt

- TDX should be connected to the CAS System
   see installation
- TDX input signal should be good quality
- User must have valid license(s)
- The TDX configuration port has to be in the same VVLAN as the CAS server, - if the CAS server has IP 10.10.85.1, then the TDX has to be set up to 10.10.85.xx
- Software, version 4.2.x.xxxx or newer
- "4180xx Samsung DRM" Licence
- Configure Simulcrypt as described in chapter A and B
- Configure services to be scrambled

example.

• Click OK and apply

TDX Admin options window.

Enter relevant information in "CAS system settings" from

Enter mandatory fields in the Service tool, as shown in



#### CAS system ID

- As shown in the CAS server Simulcrypt settings w/o zeroes/end. le. 0x4AFC000 is 0x4AFC
- Panaccess: 0x4AFC / Samsung: 0x112

#### EMM server port

As defined in the CAS server. Default: 5000

## ECM server IP adress

IP adress from the CAS server

## ECM server IP port

As defined in the CAS server.
 Panaccess: 12500 / Samsung: 9999

### Setup LYNK (DRM) / SINC server

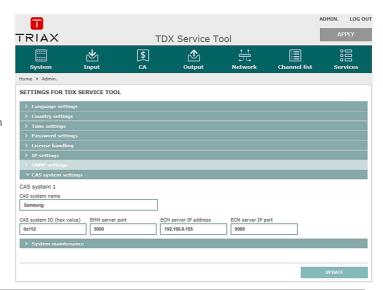
- Hardware Dual core 2GHz / 4GB RAM / 100GB HD
- Software required
  - Windows 2008 server or newer / Win7 can be used for test
  - Java Runtime Environment JRE (latest version)
  - Tomcat (ver. 6,7, or 8)
  - Samsung LYNK / SINC software



- Prepare a server running the operating system needed
- Install Samsung CAS server (LYNK)
- Configure Samsung Cas server
- Install SINC server
- Configure SINC server

### 2. Configure TDX and CAS system settings

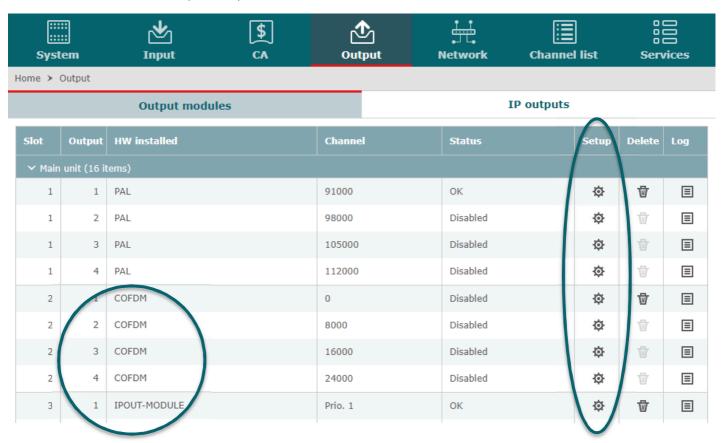
- Purchase and enter the Samsung DRM license
- Configure CAS settings
  - CAS ID: 0x112 (Samsung DRM)
  - EMM port: default port "5000"
  - ECM server: IP address of LYNK server
  - ECM port: default port "9999"
- These CAS settings must be provided form the person installing the LYNK server



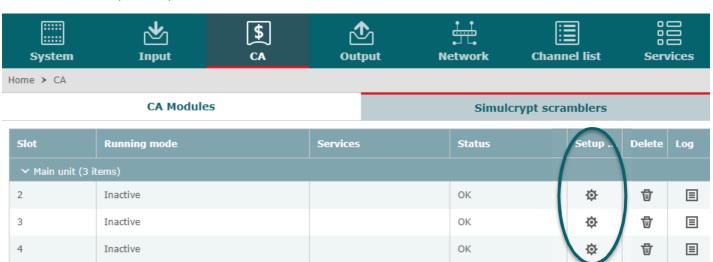


# E. Visuel guide to setup for all scrambling methods

- · Configuring Simulcrypt scramblers, use only Digital output modules (QAM, CoFDM, IP) not Analog modules.
- When module is found, then press Setup



• On the CA tab, press Setup

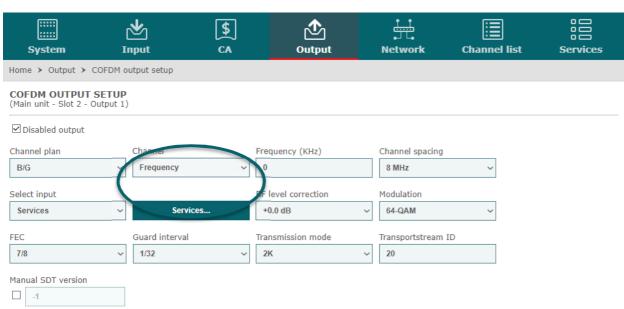




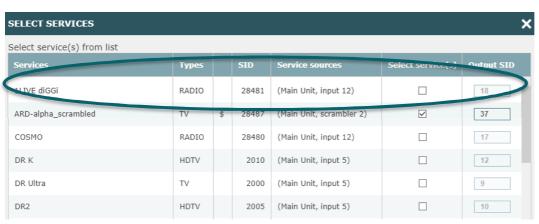
• Select running mode, then select service to be scrambled



On the Output tab, select Services



• And then select the **\_scrambled** service





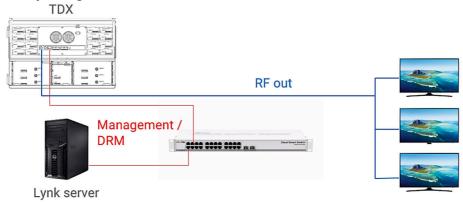
# F. LYNK server - purpose & principle

## 1. The purpose of the LYNK server

- The DRM (Digital rights management) server
- Provides the
  - ECM (entitled control message)
  - EMM (entitled management message)
- Works solely with RF output (DVB-T / -C)
  - IP out requires additional SINC server

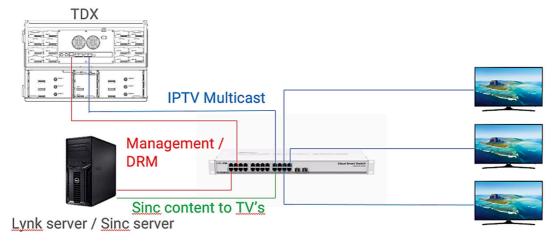


### 2. Principle diagram RF out



- $\bullet \qquad \text{The TDX uses the management port, and the LYNK server must be connected to the same VLAN}\\$
- They communicate and exchange data (TDX sends controlword and receives EMM / ECM)
- The TDX distributes the EMM's and ECM's in the RF output signal

## 3. Principle diagram IP out



- The TDX uses the management port, and the LYNK server the Ethernet interface they must be in the same VVLAN
- IPTV and SINC server must also be on same VVLAN. IGMP is always configured on IPTV VVLAN
- The LYNK and SINC server is running on same H/W with one NIC (network interface controller)
- They communicate and exchange data (TDX sends controlword and receives EMM / ECM)
- The TV sets will communicate with the SINC server and receive their certificates; which is necessary for the TV's to run IP mode in the network.
- The TDX output is IP multicast